

Package: ordinalMIC (via r-universe)

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Type Package

Title Minimum Inhibitory Concentration Estimation from Ordinal Regression Models

Version 1.0.0

Description Provides tools to estimate minimum inhibitory concentration (MIC) and conduct rigorous pairwise comparisons (delta, fold-change, and difference of difference tests) from cumulative-link models fitted with 'ordinal::clm'.

Depends R (≥ 4.1)

Imports ggplot2, stats, utils, cli, tibble

Suggests ordinal, testthat ($\geq 3.0.0$)

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autoplot.mic_solve *autoplot method for mic_solve objects*

Description

Quick ggplot2 visualisations of the main outputs from `mic_solve()`. Three panels are supported:

- **"mic"** - forest plot of group-wise MIC estimates with asymmetric CIs.
- **"delta"** - forest plot of deltaMIC pairwise differences.
- **"ratio"** - forest plot of MIC ratios (log scale).

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'mic_solve'  
autoplot(  
  object,  
  type = c("mic", "delta", "ratio", "DoD_delta", "DoD_ratio"),  
  x = NULL,  
  color_by = NULL,  
  dot_size = 0.5,  
  ...  
)
```

Arguments

<code>object</code>	An object returned by <code>mic_solve()</code> .
<code>type</code>	One of "mic", "delta", or "ratio", "DoD_delta", or "DoD_ratio".
<code>x</code>	Variable for x axis plotting
<code>color_by</code>	Optional column name used to color and dodge replicate points. Default: first column in <code>newdata</code> .
<code>dot_size</code>	Size of the dots in the dotplot. Default: 0.5.
<code>...</code>	Additional arguments passed to <code>ggplot2::ggplot()</code> .

Value

A `ggplot` object.

Author(s)

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Examples

```
if (requireNamespace("ordinal", quietly = TRUE) &&
    requireNamespace("ggplot2", quietly = TRUE)) {
  df <- data.frame(score = ordered(sample(0:4, 120, TRUE)),
                  conc = runif(120, 0, 4),
                  strain = factor(sample(c("A","B"), 120, TRUE)))
  fit <- ordinal::clm(score ~ strain * log1p(conc), data = df)
  res <- mic_solve(fit, expand.grid(strain = levels(df$strain)),
                  conc_name = "conc")
  ggplot2::autoplot(res, type = "mic")
}
```

 mic_solve

Estimate MICs and Compare Groups

Description

High-level wrapper that returns:

- `delta_mic_results` – additive pairwise differences (Δ -MIC).
- `ratio_mic_results` – multiplicative pairwise ratios.
- `dod_ratio_results` – **difference-of-differences on the ratio scale** (ratio-of-ratios, a classic interaction on the log scale).
- `dod_delta_results` – **difference-of-differences on the additive scale** (Δ of Δ s).

Usage

```
mic_solve(
  clm_fit,
  newdata = NULL,
  conc_name,
  transform_fun = log1p,
  inv_transform_fun = expm1,
  alpha = 0.05,
  compare_pairs = "all",
  pvalue_scale = c("lp", "logmic")
)
```

Arguments

<code>clm_fit</code>	Fitted object from <code>ordinal::clm()</code> .
<code>newdata</code>	Data frame with factor combinations to evaluate.
<code>conc_name</code>	Character string giving the raw concentration column.
<code>transform_fun</code>	Transformation used in the model (default <code>log1p</code>).

<code>inv_transform_fun</code>	Inverse transformation (default <code>expm1</code>).
<code>alpha</code>	Confidence-level significance (default 0.05).
<code>compare_pairs</code>	One of "all" (default) to retain every pairwise comparison, or "share_any" to exclude contrasts where the two groups share no covariate levels in <code>newdata</code> .
<code>pvalue_scale</code>	Which pivot the main P_value uses for pairwise tests: "lp" (difference in $\log_{1p}(\text{MIC})$, recommended for calibration) or "logmic" (current Wald on $\log(\text{MIC})$ for ratios and MIC scale for deltas).

Value

An object of class "mic_solve" containing the tables above plus `mic_estimates`.

Examples

```
if (requireNamespace("ordinal", quietly = TRUE)) {
  ## Toy ordinal dataset
  set.seed(1)
  fit <- ordinal::clm(score ~ strain * treatment + log1p(conc), data = yeast_df)
  res <- mic_solve(fit, conc_name = "conc")
  head(res$ratio_mic_results)
}
```

`tidy.mic_solve` *tidy method for mic_solve objects*

Description

tidy method for `mic_solve` objects

Usage

```
tidy.mic_solve(
  x,
  table = c("mic", "delta", "ratio", "DoD_delta", "DoD_ratio"),
  ...
)
```

Arguments

<code>x</code>	An object of class <code>mic_solve</code> .
<code>table</code>	A character string specifying which table to return. Options are "mic", "delta", "ratio", "DoD_delta", and "DoD_ratio".
<code>...</code>	Additional arguments (not used).

Value

A tibble containing the requested table from the `mic_solve` object.

`yeast_df`*Simulated Yeast Stress-Survival Data*

Description

An example dataset with ordinal spot scores (0 = no growth ... 4 = full growth) for treated and untreated wild-type and mutant yeast across a peroxide gradient.

Usage

```
data(yeast_df)
```

Format

A data frame with 132 rows and 4 variables:

score Ordered factor 0 < 1 < 2 < 3 < 4

conc Numeric concentration units

strain Factor: "WT" or "Mut"

treatment Factor: "None" or "Salt"

rep Replicate id (integer)

Examples

```
data(yeast_df)
```

```
head(yeast_df)
```

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